

EUFETS GmbH

Contract Manufacturer for Cell and Gene Therapy

**Product development for a gene  
modified cellular cancer  
immunotherapy**  
**A case study**

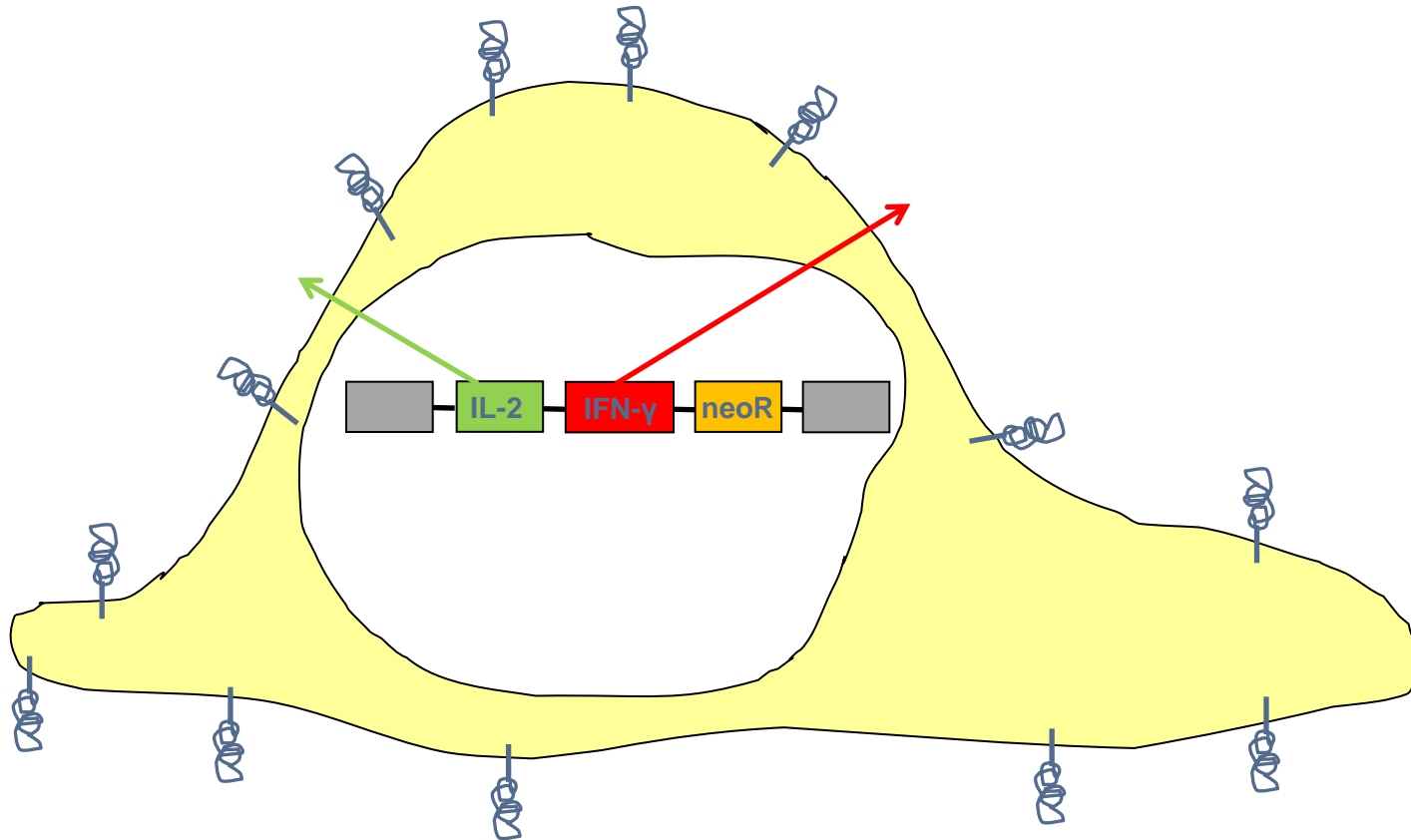




- » Idar-Oberstein, Germany  
(1.5 hrs from Frankfurt int. Airport)
- » Facility complex: >4,500 m<sup>2</sup>
- » cGMP certified since 1999
- » cGLP certified since 2003
- » Clean room area: 500 m<sup>2</sup>
- » Cryopreservation area 100 m<sup>2</sup>
  
- » Main manufacturing services:  
Cell banks, retroviral vectors, gene modified cells (primary/cell lines), RNA
  
- » Main characterisation services:  
Customized cell based assays for mAbs, cytokines and other bioactive compounds

# VPM 4001: An allogeneic „therapeutic vaccine“ for the treatment of prostate carcinoma

based on the irradiated human **prostate carcinoma** cell line **LNCaP**  
genetically modified to permanently secrete **IFN- $\gamma$**  and **IL-2**



- Cell line LNCaP transduced with a retroviral vector to express hIL-2 and hIFN-g
- Developed by Prof. Dr. Bernd Gänsbacher
- In-licensed from Memorial Sloan Kettering Center, NY, USA
- First in Man in 2000 (study code “VPM4001/GE-2.01PC / IM-04-042“, PEI documentation number 0338/01 from 18.02.1999)
- Development taken over by VPM in 2004

# VPM 4001: Postulated mode of action leads to characterisation program

Legend:

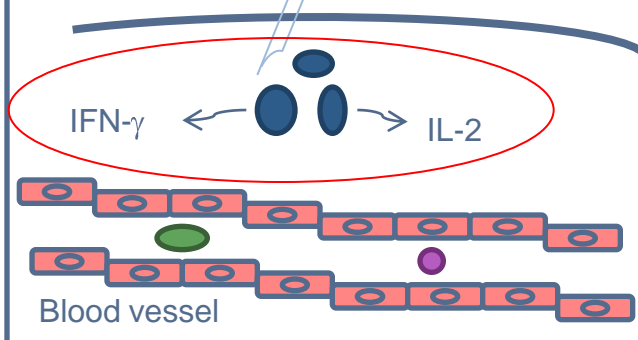
 VPM4001

 APC

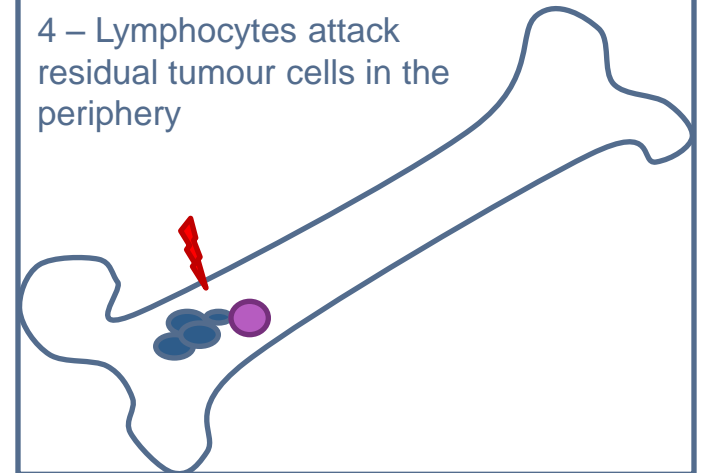
 Lymphocytes

 Tumour Cells

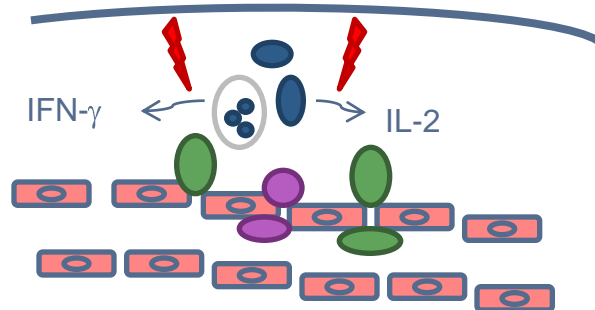
1 – i.d. injection  
Cytokines attract and stimulate APC and Lymphocytes



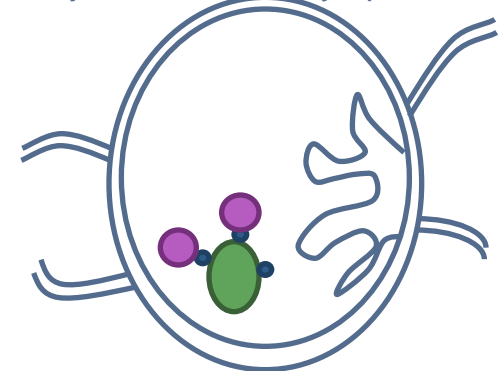
4 – Lymphocytes attack residual tumour cells in the periphery



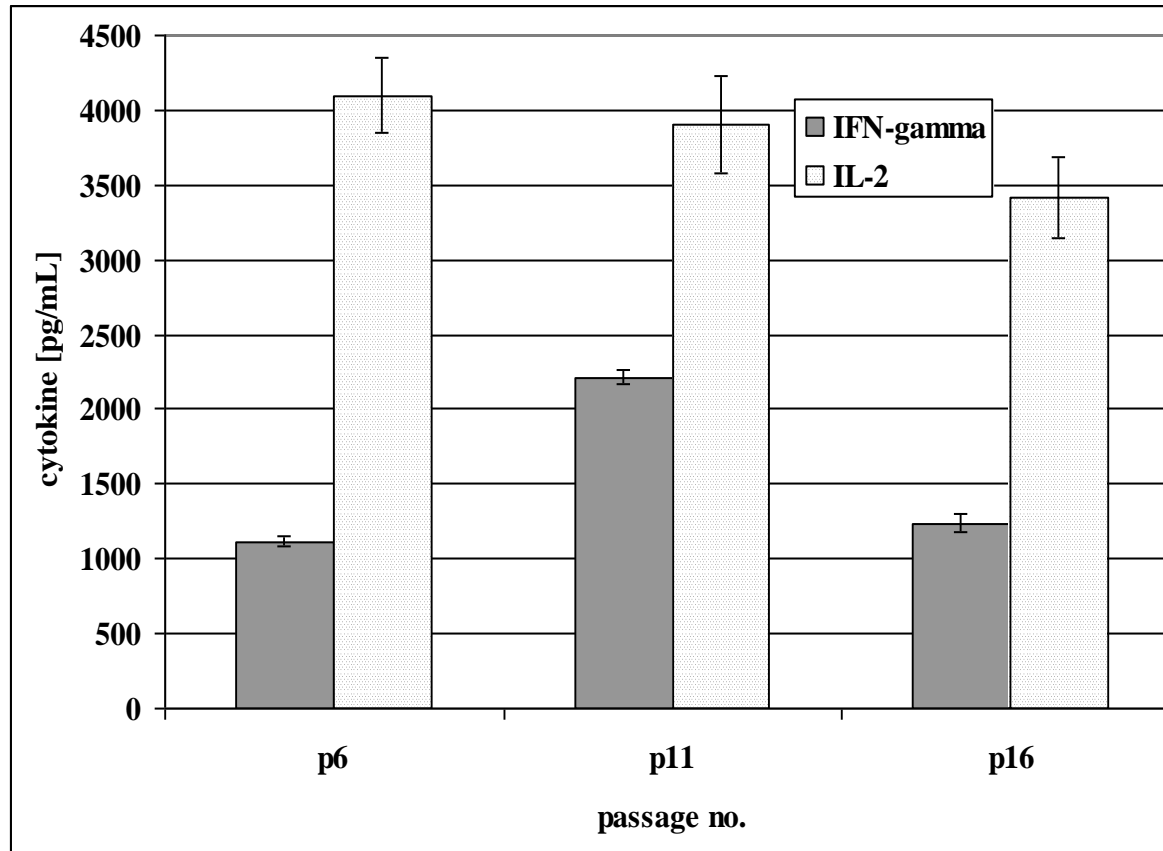
2 – APC internalise VPM4001 cells at injection site



3 – Antigen specific stimulation of lymphocytes in draining lymph node

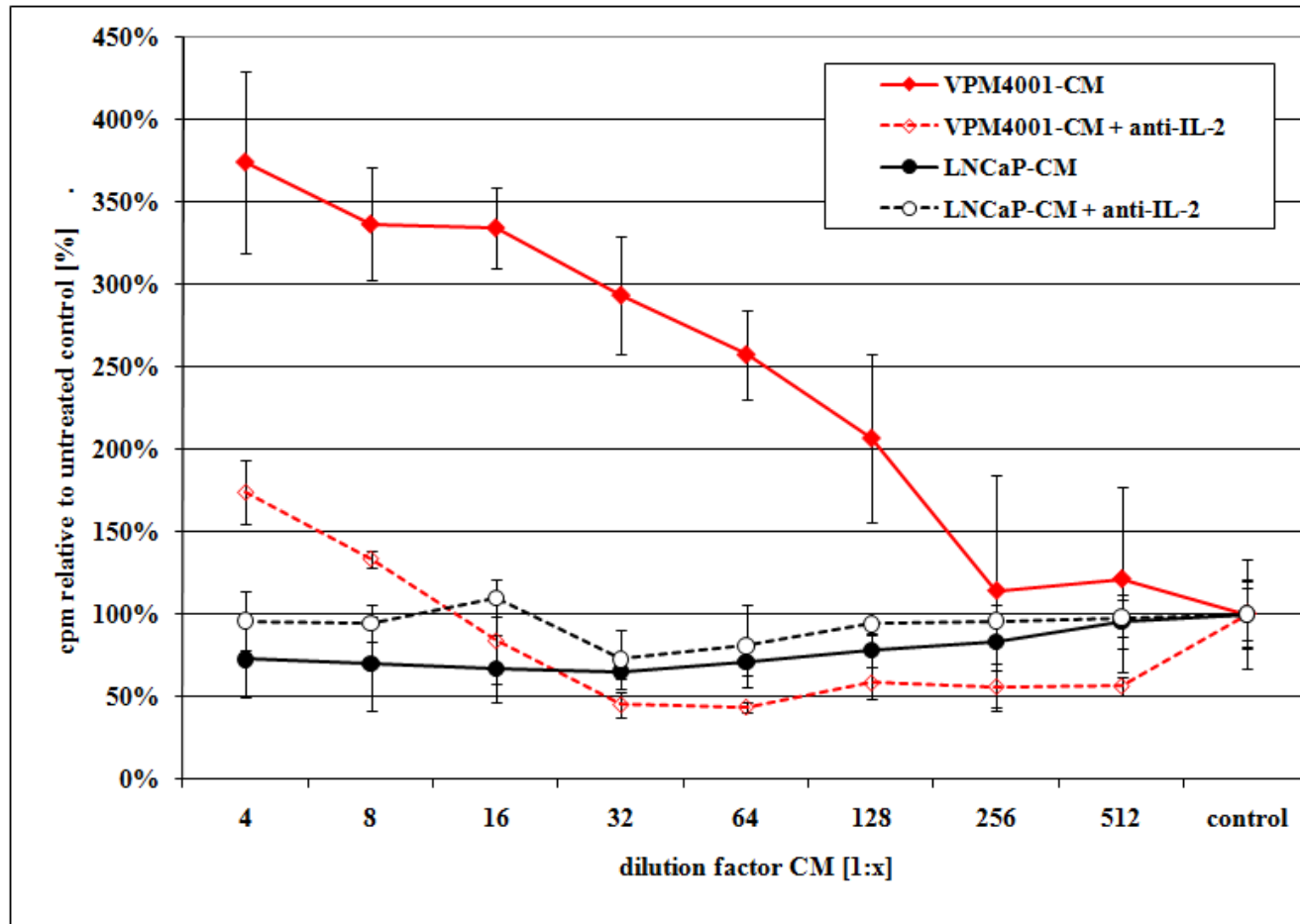


# Characterisation of VPM 4001: Production of IFN gamma and IL-2



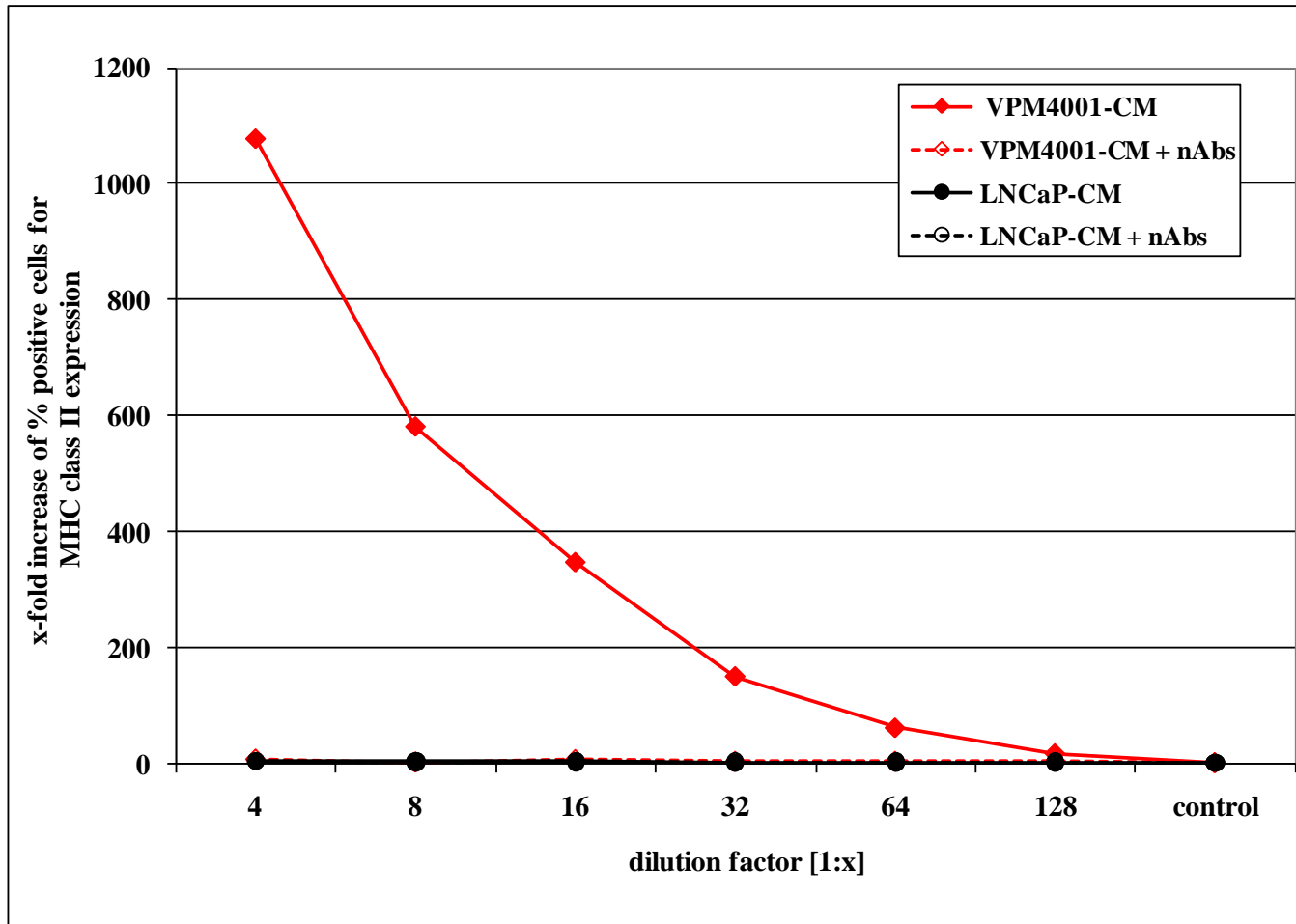
**Release of IFN-g and IL-2 of VPM4001 cells is stable over several passages (ELISA)**

# Characterisation of VPM 4001: Biological activity of released IL-2



**Proliferation of NK-92 cells in response to VPM4001-CM and LNCaP-CM after 48 h with or without IL-2 neutralizing antibodies (<sup>3</sup>H-TdR incorporation)**

# Characterisation of VPM 4001: Biological activity of released IFN gamma



**MHC class II expression of HUVEC in response to VPM4001-CM and LNCaP-CM with or without IFN-g neutralizing antibodies (nAbs) (flow cytometry)**



# VPM 4001: Postulated mode of action leads to characterisation program

Legend:

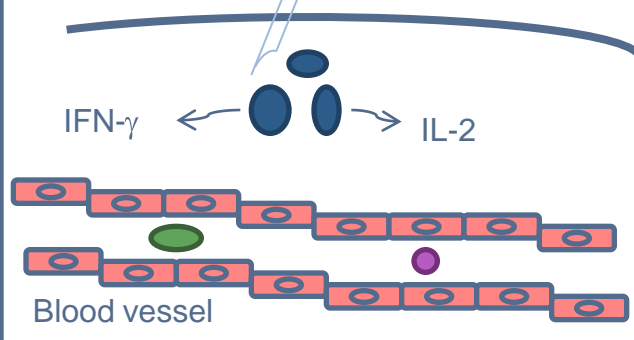
 VPM4001

 APC

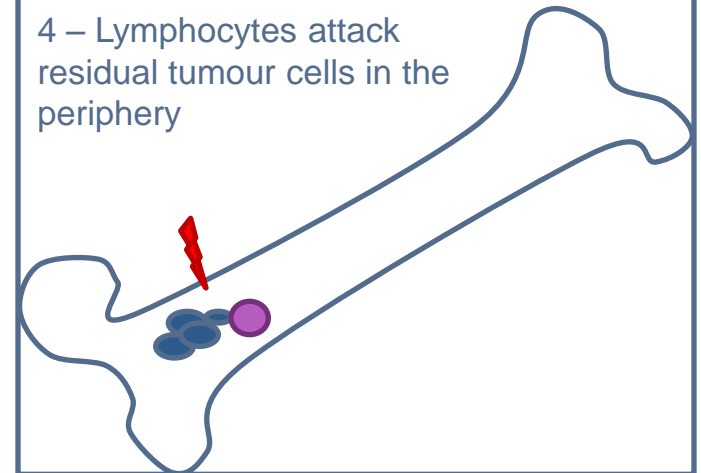
 Lymphocytes

 Tumour Cells

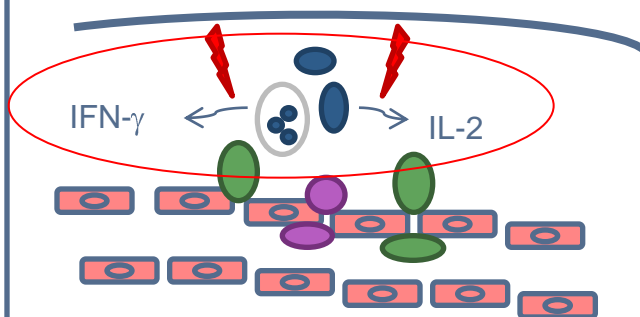
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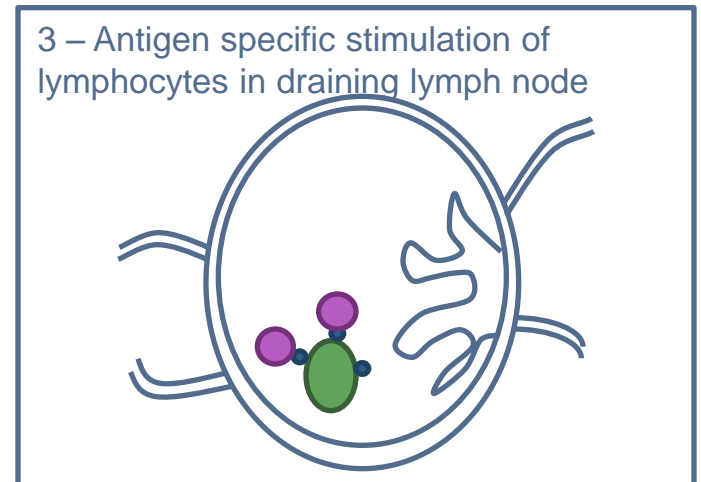
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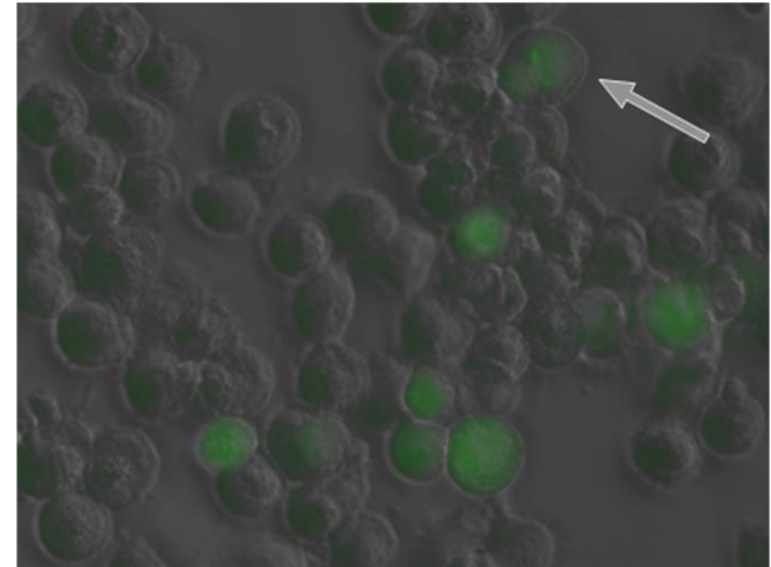
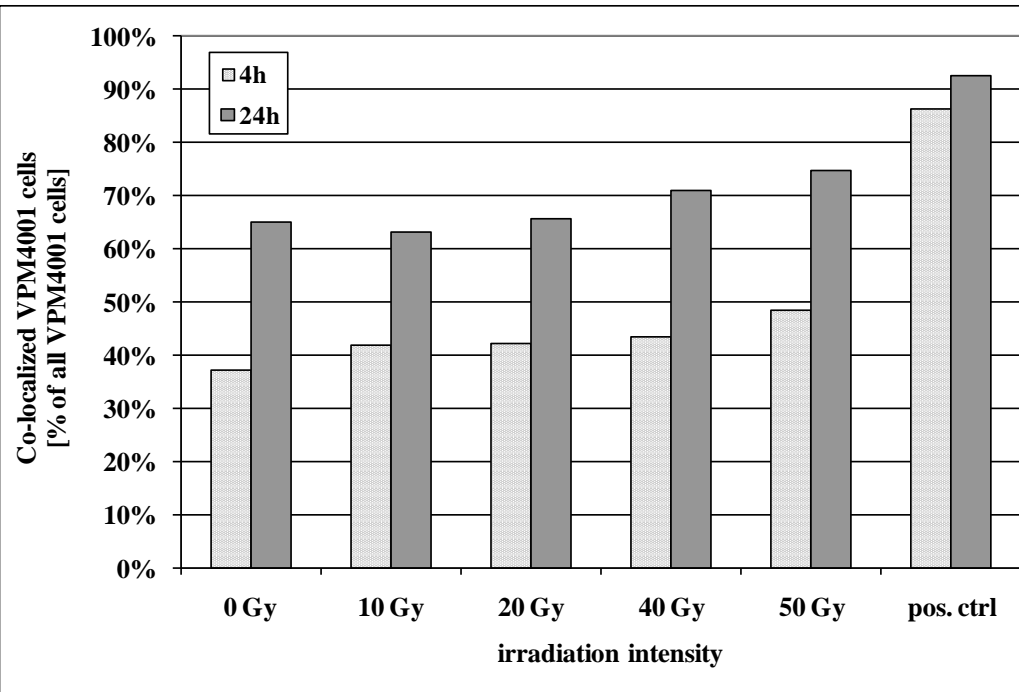
2 – APC internalise VPM4001 cells at injection site



3 – Antigen specific stimulation of lymphocytes in draining lymph node







# Characterisation of VPM 4001: Phagocytosis of VPM4001 cells



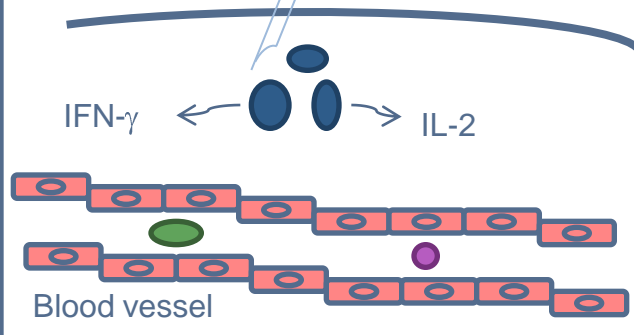
**Uptake of VPM4001 tumour target cells was detectable after 4 h (FACS analysis)**

# VPM 4001: Postulated mode of action leads to characterisation program

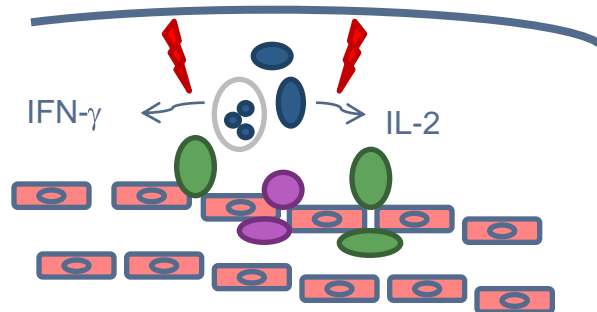
Legend:

-  VPM4001
-  APC
-  Lymphocytes
-  Tumour Cells

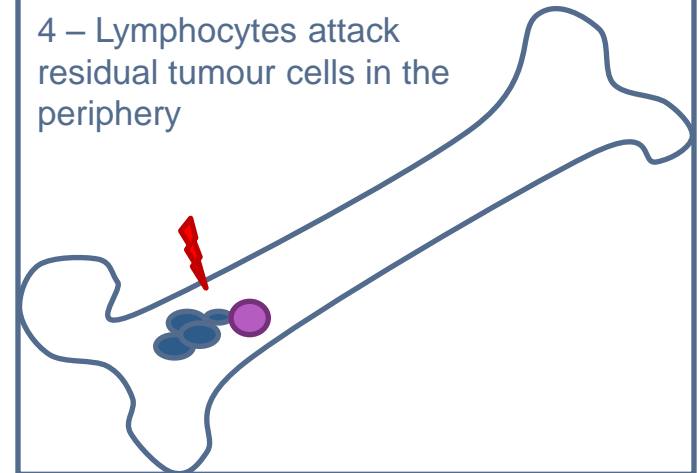
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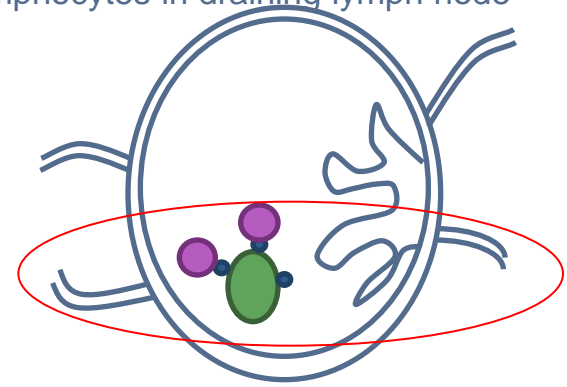
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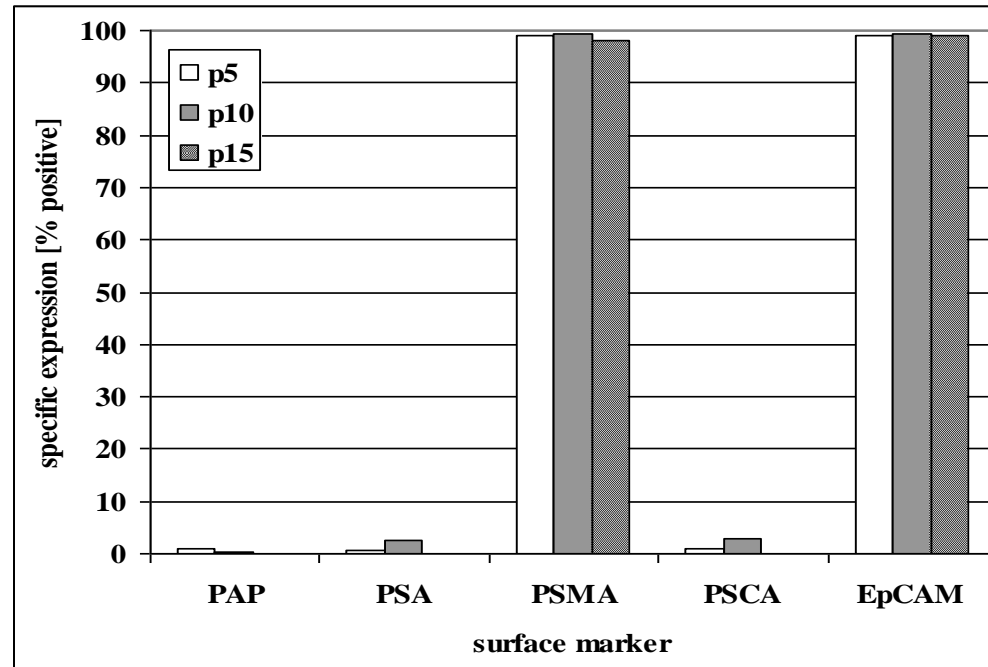
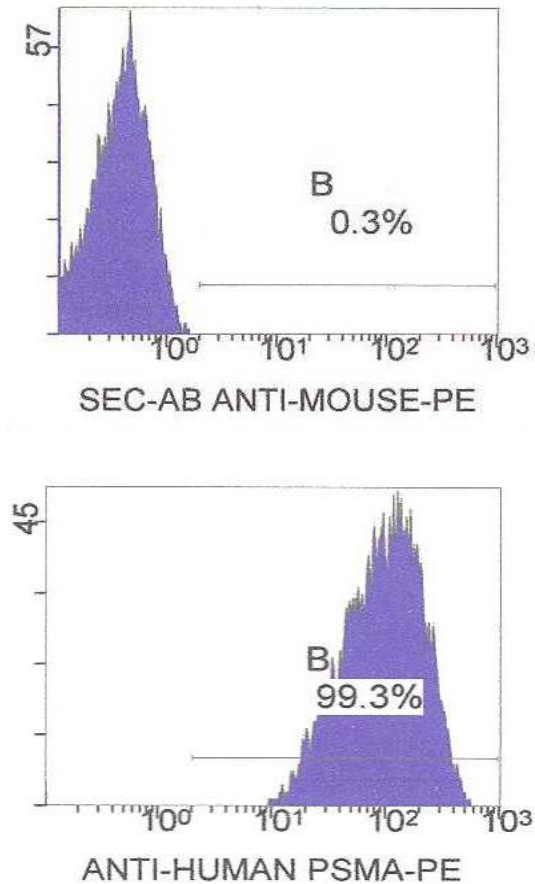
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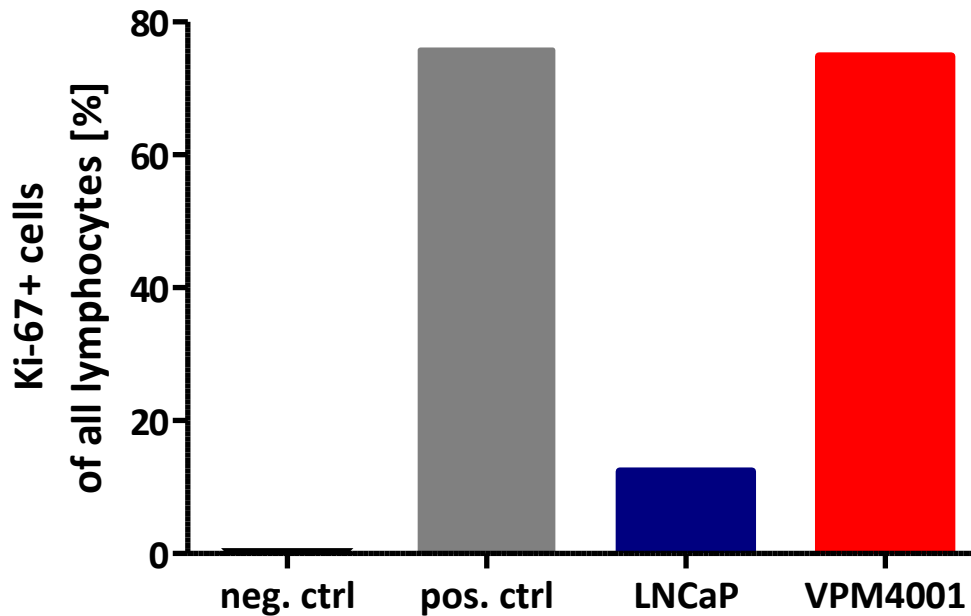
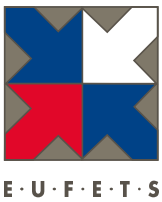


# Characterisation of VPM 4001: Expression of tumour antigens



**Stable expression of tumor antigens by VPM4001 cells over several passages**

# Characterisation of VPM 4001: Allogenic potential of VPM4001 cells



**VPM4001 cells mediate a strong activation of lymphocytes after co-culture (FACS analysis)**

# VPM 4001: Postulated mode of action leads to characterisation program

Legend:

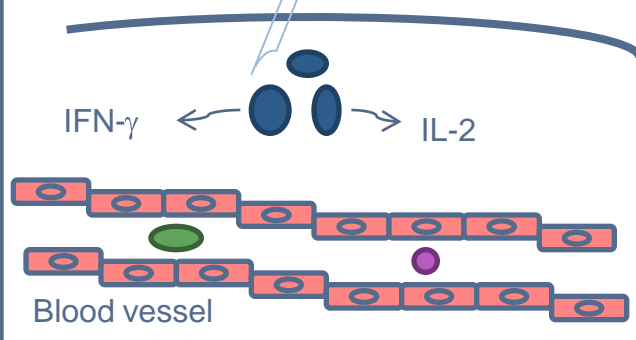
 VPM4001

 APC

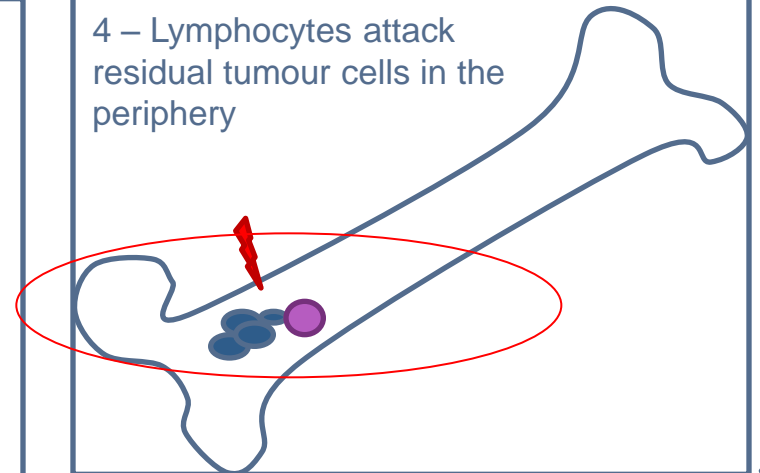
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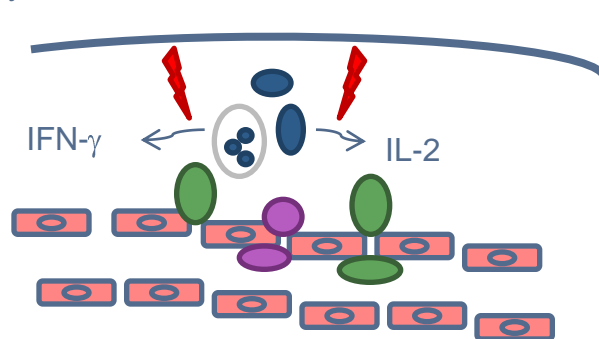
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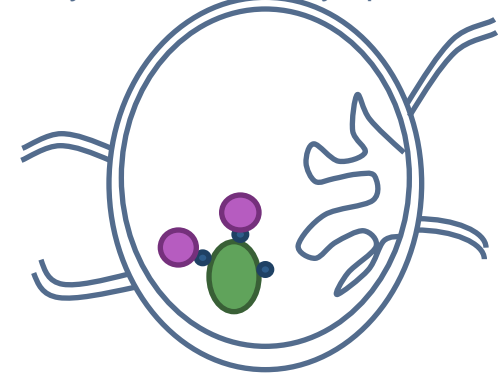
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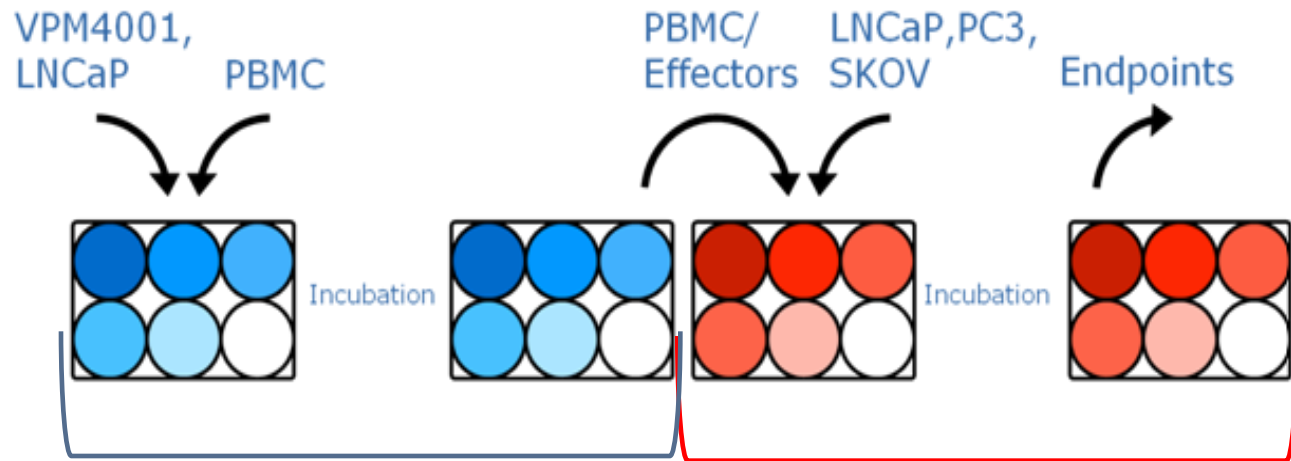


3 – Antigen specific stimulation of lymphocytes in draining lymph node



# Characterisation of VPM 4001:

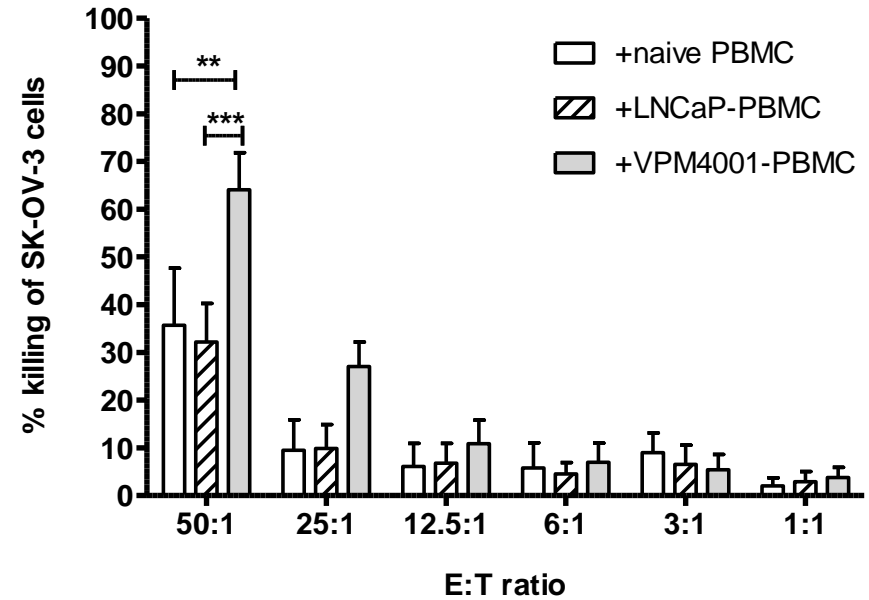
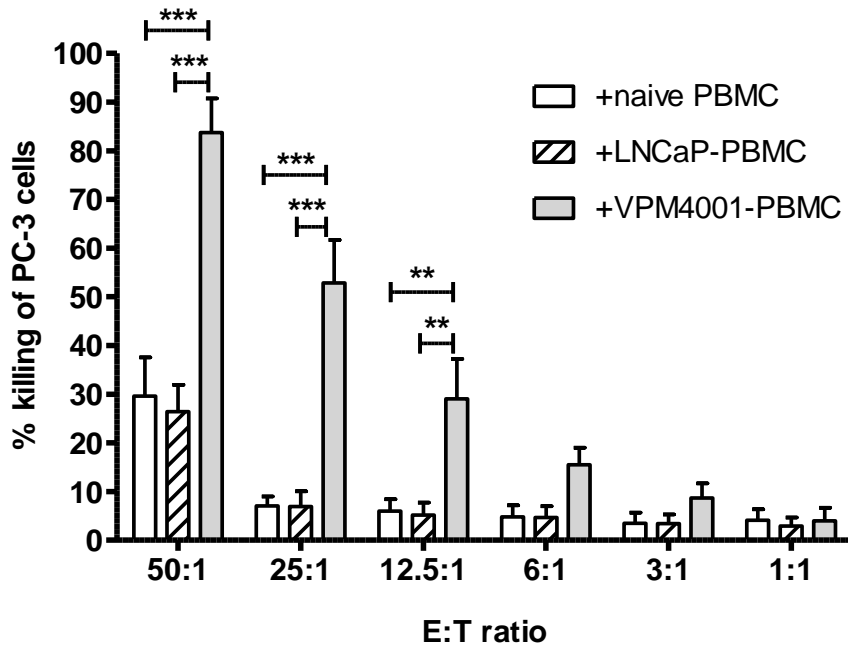
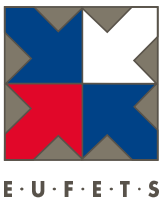
Mixed Lymphocyte Tumour Cell Reaction



**1. Priming phase:**  
PBMC are co-cultured with or without VPM4001 or LNCaP cells

**2. Cytotoxicity assay:**  
Primed PBMC are co-cultured with tumour target cells (prostate, ovary)

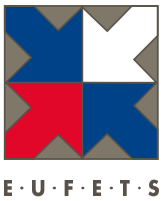
# Characterisation of VPM 4001: MLTCR



**VPM4001-primed PBMC showed high killing potency against cancer cells from prostate origin**



# Characterisation of VPM 4001: Summary



- VPM 4001 cells express ng amounts of IL-2 and hIFN-g
- Cytokine expression is stable over >15 passages
- Cytokines are biologically active
- VPM 4001 cells are internalised by monocytes
- VPM 4001 cells stably express tumour antigens PSMA and EPCAM
- VPM 4001 cells stimulate proliferation of human lymphocytes
- VPM 4001 cells stimulate anti prostate tumour cell response in vitro (not shown)

## **MCB:**

**150 vials manufactured at SAFC transferred to EUFETS,  
Comprehensive characterization at EUFETS and contract laboratories:**

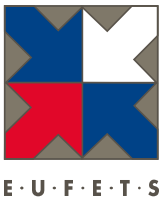
- Adventitious virus (in vitro and in vivo tests)
- Sterility
- Replication competent Retrovirus (RCR)
- Mycoplasma
- Genetic stability
- Expression of cytokines/tumour antigens

## **WCB:**

**Expansion of MCB to 300 vials (1 x 10<sup>7</sup> cells each). Characterization at  
EUFETS and contract laboratories:**

- Adventitious virus (in vitro tests)
- Sterility
- Replication competent Retrovirus (RCR)
- Mycoplasma
- Genetic stability
- Expression of cytokines/tumour antigens

# Process development for manufacturing of VPM 4001: Hurdles to overcome



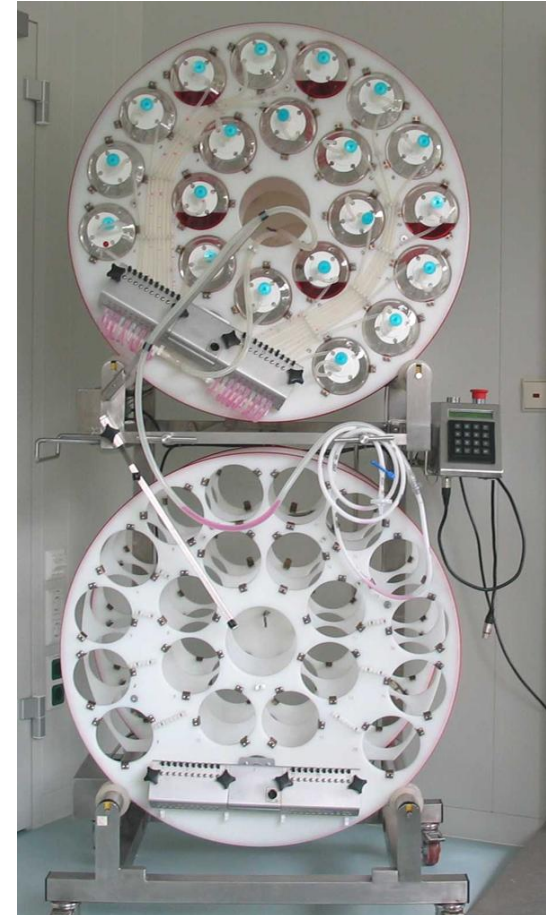
- Cell growth in clusters
  - Low ability of cells to attachment to surfaces
  - Large number of cells needed for final product ( $1.5 \times 10^{10}$ )
  - Harvest and concentration of large volumes (ca.15 liter)
  - Final filling and cryopreservation of 1000 vials
- 
- Test of different surfaces to improve cell attachment and growth
  - Test of different large scale cultivation methods (CFs, Roller bottles)
  - Test of cross flow filtration for harvesting
  - Test of use of two pump hoses in parallel for final filling and cryopreservation at -80 C

# Process development for manufacturing of VPM 4001: Process aims

- $1.5 \times 10^{10}$  cells needed
- to be filled in 1000 vials
- slow growth of cells (doubling time ca. 60 h)

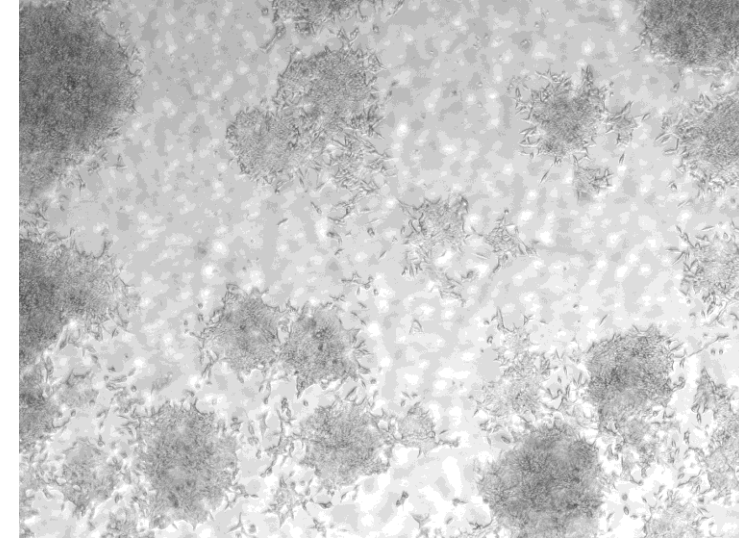
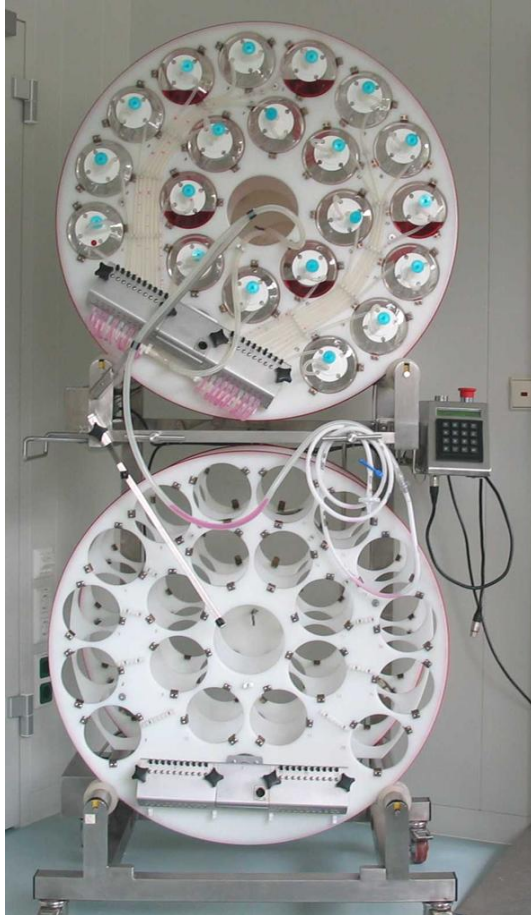


**40 tray Cell Factory**



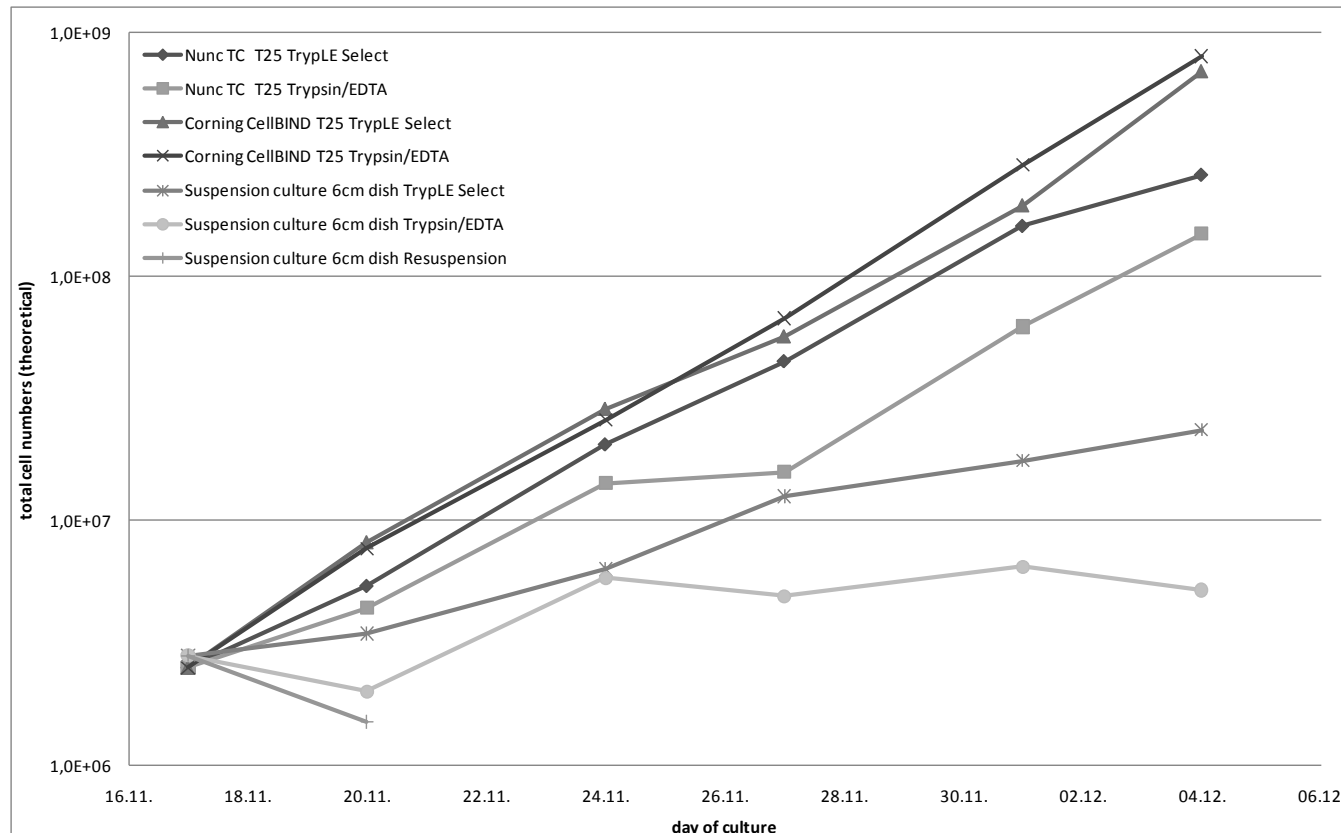
**Roller Cell 40 (Cellon)**

# Process development for manufacturing of VPM 4001: Testing of cell culture systems



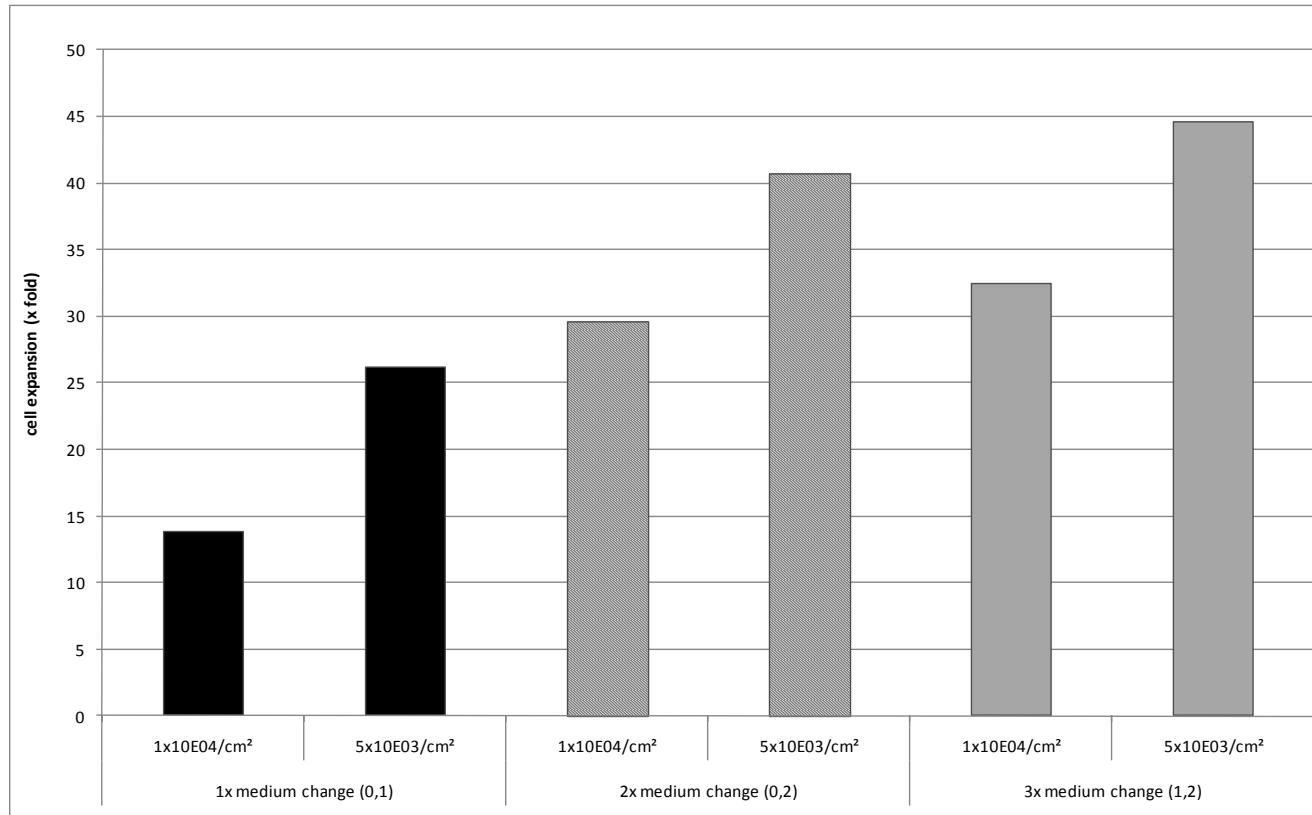
**Expansion in RollerCell system gave unsatisfactory results due to insufficient adherence of cells and “patchy” growth**

# Process development for manufacturing of VPM 4001: Testing of surfaces and enzymes



**Cultivation on Corning Cell bind surfaces gave best results, dissociation with Tryple Select was feasible**

# Process development for manufacturing of VPM 4001: Optimisation of cell culture conditions



**Optimal cell seeding numbers and culture conditions in 40 stack cell factory were determined**



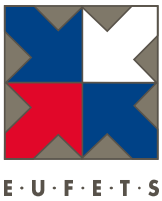


## Final process:

- Pre-culture of VPM 4001 cells in CellBIND flasks
- Inoculation of 4 x 40-tray CFs
- Cultivation for 2 weeks
- Harvest, washing and concentration by cross flow filtration
- Adjustment of cell number
- Final filling
- Cryopreservation
- Irradiation



# Thanks to



## **EUFETS**

- Sonja Naundorf
- Petra Schröder
- Uwe Irmer



**Vakzine Projekt  
Management GmbH**

- Henning Weigt
- Bernd Eisele